## Multiple Operating Modes and Multiple Time Ranges. DIN $48 \times 48-\mathrm{mm}$ Multifunctional Timer with Wide AC/DC Power Supply Range for Both High and Low Voltages.

- A wide $A C / D C$ power supply range greatly reduces the number of timer models kept in stock.
- A wide range of applications with multiple operating modes, six modes for 11-pin models and four modes for 8-pin models.
- Ecological design with reduced current consumption.
- Easy sequence checking with instantaneous outputs for a zero set value.
- Length of 80 mm or less when panel-mounted with a P3GA-11 Socket (H3CR-A8E, 100 to 240 VAC, 100 to 125 VDC)
- PNP input models available.
- Standards: UL, CSA, NK, LR, EN 61812-1, and CE Marking.


## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend

Note: This model number legend includes combinations that are not available. Before ordering, please check the List of Models on page 2 for availability.


1. Number of Pins

None: 11-pin models
8: 8-pin models
2. Input Type for 11-pin Models

None: No-voltage input (NPN type)
P: Voltage input (PNP type)
3. Output

None: Relay output (DPDT)
S: Transistor output (NPN/PNP universal use)
E: Relay output (SPDT) with instantaneous relay output (SPDT)
4. Suffix

300: Dual mode models (signal ON/OFF-delay and one-shot)
301: Double time scale (range) models ( 0.1 s to 600 h )
5. Supply Voltage

100-240AC/100-125DC: 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC
24-48AC/12-48DC: 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC
24-48AC/DC: 24 to 48 VAC/VDC (Only for H3CR-A8E)

## Ordering Information

## List of Models

Note: 1. Specify both the model number and supply voltage when ordering.
Example: H3CR-A 100-240AC/100-125DC
L Supply voltage
2. The operating modes are as follows
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { A: } & \text { ON-delay } \\ \text { B: } & \text { Flicker OFF start }\end{array}$
D: Signal OFF-delay
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { B: } & \text { Flicker OFF start } \\ \text { B2: } & \text { Flicker ON start }\end{array}$
E: Interval
C: Signal ON/OFF-delay
J : One-shot

## 11-pin Models

| Output | Supply voltage | Input type | Time range | Operating mode (See note 2) | Model (See note 1.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ | No-voltage input | 0.05 s to 300 h | Six multi-modes: A, B, B2, C, D, E | H3CR-A |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | Dual-modes: G, J | H3CR-A-300 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l} \hline 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Voltage input |  | Six multi-modes: A, B, B2, C, D, E | H3CR-AP |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ | No-voltage input | 0.1 s to 600 h |  | H3CR-A-301 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Transistor (Photocoupler) | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.05 s to 300 h |  | H3CR-AS |

## 8-pin Models

| Output | Supply voltage | Input type | Time range | Operating mode (See note 2) | Model (See note 1.) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contact | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ | No-input available | 0.05 s to 300 h | Four multi-modes: A, B2, E, J <br> (Power supply start) | H3CR-A8 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \operatorname{VAC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  | 0.1 s to 600 h |  | H3CR-A8-301 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \text { to } 48 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 12 \text { to } 48 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Transistor (Photocoupler) | 24 to 48 VAC $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ / 12 to 48 VDC |  | 0.05 s to 300 h |  | H3CR-A8S |
| Time-limit contact and instantaneous contact | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \text { to } 240 \text { VAC }(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}) / \\ & 100 \text { to } 125 \text { VDC } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | H3CR-A8E |
|  | 24 to 48 VAC/VDC (50/60 Hz) |  |  |  |  |

Accessories (Order Separately)

| Name/specifications |  | Models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flush Mounting Adapter |  | Y92F-30 |
|  |  | Y92F-73 |
|  |  | Y92F-74 |
| Mounting Track | $50 \mathrm{~cm}(\ell) \times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{t})$ | PFP-50N |
|  | $1 \mathrm{~m}(\ell) \times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{t})$ | PFP-100N |
|  | $1 \mathrm{~m}(\ell) \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{t})$ | PFP-100N2 |
| End Plate |  | PFP-M |
| Spacer |  | PFP-S |
| Protective Cover |  | Y92A-48B |
| Track Mounting/ Front Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P2CF-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-08-E |
|  | 11-pin | P2CF-11 |
|  | 11-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-11-E |
| Back Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P3G-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P3G-08 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
|  | 11-pin | P3GA-11 |
|  | 11-pin, finger safe type | P3GA-11 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
| Time Setting Ring (See note 2) | Setting a specific time | Y92S-27 |
|  | Limiting the setting range | Y92S-28 |
| Panel Cover | Light gray (5Y7/1) | Y92P-48GL |
|  | Black (N1.5) | Y92P-48GB |
|  | Medium gray (5Y5/1) | Y92P-48GM |
| Hold-down Clip (See note 3) | For PL08 and PL11 Sockets | Y92H-7 |
|  | For PF085A Socket | Y92H-8 |

Note: 1. Y92A-48G is a finger safe terminal cover which is attached to the P3G-08 or P3GA-11 Socket.
2. The Time Setting Ring cannot be used alone. It must be used together with the Panel Cover.
3. Hold-down Clips are sold in sets of two.

## Specifications

General

| Item | H3CR-A/-AS | H3CR-AP | H3CR-A8/-A8S | H3CR-A8E |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating mode | A: ON-delay <br> B: Flicker OFF start <br> B2: Flicker ON start <br> C: Signal ON/OFF-delay <br> D: Signal OFF-delay <br> E: Interval <br> G: Signal ON/OFF-delay (Only for H3CR-A-300) <br> J: One-shot (Only for H3CR-A-300) |  | A: ON-delay (power supply start) <br> B2: Flicker ON start (power supply start) <br> E: Interval (power supply start) <br> J: One-shot (power supply start) |  |
| Pin type | 11-pin |  | 8-pin |  |
| Input type | No-voltage input | Voltage input | --- |  |
| Time-limit output type | H3CR-A/-A8/-AP: Relay output (DPDT) <br> H3CR-AS/-A8S: Transistor output (NPN/PNP universal)* |  |  | Relay output (SPDT) |
| Instantaneous output type | --- |  |  | Relay output (SPDT) |
| Mounting method | DIN track mounting, surface mounting, and flush mounting |  |  |  |
| Approved standards | UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14, NK, Lloyds Conforms to EN61812-1 and IEC60664-1 (VDE0110) 4kV/2. Output category according to EN60947-5-1 for Timers with Contact Outputs. Output category according to EN60947-5-2 for Timers with Transistor Outputs. |  |  |  |

*The internal circuits are optically isolated from the output. This enables universal application as NPN or PNP transistor.

## Time Ranges

Note: When the time setting knob is turned below " 0 " until the point where the time setting knob stops, the output will operate instantaneously at all time range settings.

## Standard (0.05-s to 300-h) Models

| Time unit |  | s (sec) | min (min) | h (hrs) | $\times 10 \mathrm{~h}$ (10 hrs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full scale setting | 1.2 | 0.05 to 1.2 | 0.12 to 1.2 |  | 1.2 to 12 |
|  | 3 | 0.3 to 3 |  |  | 3 to 30 |
|  | 12 | 1.2 to 12 |  |  | 12 to 120 |
|  | 30 | 3 to 30 |  |  | 30 to 300 |

## Double (0.1-s to 600-h) Models

| Time unit |  | s (sec) | min (min) | h (hrs) | $\times 10 \mathrm{~h}$ (10 hrs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full scale setting | 2.4 | 0.1 to 2.4 | 0.24 to 2.4 |  | 2.4 to 24 |
|  | 6 | 0.6 to 6 |  |  | 6 to 60 |
|  | 24 | 2.4 to 24 |  |  | 24 to 240 |
|  | 60 | 6 to 60 |  |  | 60 to 600 |

## Ratings

| Rated supply voltage (See notes 1, 2, and 5.) | 100 to 240 VAC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )/100 to $125 \mathrm{VDC}, 24$ to 48 VAC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ )/12 to 48 VDC ( 24 to 48 VAC/VDC for H3CRA8E) (See note3.) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage range | $85 \%$ to $110 \%$ of rated supply voltage (90\% to $110 \%$ at 12 VDC) |
| Power reset | Minimum power-opening time: 0.1 s |
| Input | No-voltage Input ON impedance: <br> $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ max. ON residual voltage: <br> 1 V max. OFF impedance: $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega \mathrm{~min} .$ <br> Voltage Input <br> Max. permissible capacitance between inputs lines (terminals 6 and 7): 1,200 pF Load connectable in parallel with inputs (terminals 6 and 7). <br> - 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC <br> High (logic) level: 85 to 264 VAC/ 85 to 137.5 VDC <br> Low (logic) level: 0 to 10 VAC/0 to 10 VDC <br> - 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC <br> $\begin{array}{ll}\text { High (logic) level: } & 20.4 \text { to } 52.8 \mathrm{VAC} / 10.8 \text { to } 52.8 \mathrm{VDC} \\ \text { Low (logic) level: } & 0 \text { to } 2.4 \mathrm{VAC} / 0 \text { to } 1.2 \text { VDC }\end{array}$ |
| Power consumption | H3CR-A/-A8 <br> - 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC <br> (When at $240 \mathrm{VAC}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) <br> Relay ON: approx. 2.0 VA (1.6 W) <br> Relay OFF: approx. 1.3 VA (1.1 W) <br> - 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC (When at 24 VDC$)$ <br> Relay ON: approx. 0.8 W <br> Relay OFF: approx. 0.2 W <br> H3CR-AP (See note 3) <br> - 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC <br> (When at $240 \mathrm{VAC}, 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) <br> Relay ON: approx. 2.5 VA (2.2 W) (See note 4.) Relay OFF: approx. 1.8 VA (1.7 W) (See note 4.) <br> - 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC <br> (When at 24 VDC ) <br> Relay ON: approx. 0.9 W (See note 4.) <br> Relay OFF: approx. 0.3 W (See note 4.) <br> H3CR-A8E <br> - 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC <br> (When at 240 VAC, 60 Hz ) <br> - 24 to 48 VAC/VDC <br> Relay ON/OFF: approx. 2 VA (0.9 W) (When at 24 VDC ) <br> Relay ON/OFF: approx. 0.9 W |
| Control outputs | Time limit contacts: 5 A at $250 \mathrm{VAC} / 30 \mathrm{VDC}, 0.15 \mathrm{~A}$ at 125 VDC, resistive load ( $\cos \phi=1$ ) <br> Transistor output: Open collector (NPN/PNP), 100 mA max. at 30 VDC max., <br> residual voltage: 2 V max. <br> Instantaneous contact: 5 F at $250 \mathrm{VAC} / 30 \mathrm{VDC}, 0.15 \mathrm{~A}$ at 125 VDC, resistive load $(\cos \phi=1)$  |

Note: 1. DC ripple rate: $20 \%$ max. (A single-phase, full-wave-rectification power supply can be used).
2. Do not use an inverter output as the power supply. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers for details.
3. Models with $24-$ to- $48-$ VAC or $12-$ to- $48-$ VDC power supply have inrush current. Caution is thus required when turning ON and OFF power to the Timer with a non-contact output from a device such as a sensor. (Models with an inrush current of approximately 50 mA and a 24VDC power supply are available (the H3CR-A-302 and H3CR-A8-302).)
4. The values are for when the terminals 2 and 7 and terminals 10 and 6 are short-circuited, and include the consumption current of the input circuit.
5. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers when using the Timer together with a 2-wire AC proximity sensor.

## Characteristics

| Accuracy of operating time | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 0.2 \% \pm 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. in a range of 1.2 s or 3 s$)$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| Setting error | $\pm 5 \%$ FS $\pm 50 \mathrm{~ms}$ (See note 1) |
| Reset time | Min. power-opening time: 0.1 s max. Min. pulse width: $\quad 0.05 \mathrm{~s}$ (H3CR-A/-AS) |
| Reset voltage | 10\% max. of rated supply voltage |
| Influence of voltage | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 0.2 \% \pm 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. in a range of 1.2 s or 3 s ) |
| Influence of temperature | $\pm 1 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 1 \% \pm 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. in a range of 1.2 s or 3 s ) |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC$)$ |
| Dielectric strength | 2,000 VAC (1,000 VAC for H3CR-A $\square$ S), $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between current-carrying metal parts and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) <br> 2,000 VAC (1,000 VAC for H3CR-A $\square$ S), $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between control output terminals and operating circuit) <br> 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts of different polarities) <br> 1,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts not located next to each other) <br> 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between input and control output terminals and operation circuit) for H3CR-AP |
| Impulse withstand voltage | 3 kV (between power terminals) for 100 to $240 \mathrm{VAC} / 100$ to $125 \mathrm{VDC}, 1 \mathrm{kV}$ for 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC 4.5 kV (between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) for 100 to 240 VAC/100 to 125 VDC, 1.5 kV for 24 to 48 VAC/12 to 48 VDC and 24 to 48 VAC/VDC |
| Noise immunity | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{kV}$ (between power terminals) and $\pm 600 \mathrm{~V}$ (between no-voltage input terminals), square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width: $100 \mathrm{~ns} / 1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, 1 -ns rise) |
| Static immunity | Malfunction: 8 kV Destruction: 15 kV |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.75-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude each in 3 directions for 2 hours each Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.5-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude each in 3 directions for 10 minutes each |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $1,000 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 3$ times each in 6 directions Malfunction: $100 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2} 3$ times each in 6 directions |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 35\% to 85\% |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 20,000,000 operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h) Electrical: $\quad 100,000$ operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1,800 operations/h) (See note 2) |
| EMC | (EMI) EN61812-1  <br> Emission Enclosure: EN55011 Group 1 class A  <br> Emission AC Mains: EN55011 Group 1 class A  <br> (EMS) EN61812-1  <br> Immunity ESD: IEC61000-4-2: 6 kV contact discharge (level 3) <br>   8 kV air discharge (level 3) <br> Immunity RF-interference from AM Radio Waves: IEC61000-4-3: $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{(80} \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{to} 1 \mathrm{GHz}$ ) (level 3)  <br> Immunity RF-interference from Pulse-modulated Radio Waves: IEC61000-4-3: $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{(900} \mathrm{ \pm 5} \mathrm{MHz)} \mathrm{(level} \mathrm{3)}$   <br> Immunity Conducted Disturbance: IEC61000-4-6: $10 \mathrm{~V}(0.15$ to 80 MHz ) (level 3) <br> Immunity Burst: IEC61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line (level 3) <br>   2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4) <br> Immunity Surge:  1 kV line to line (level 3) <br>    <br>    <br>    |
| Case color | Light gray (Munsell 5Y7/1) |
| Degree of protection | IP40 (panel surface) |
| Weight | Approx. 90 g |

Note: 1. The value is $\pm 5 \%$ FS +100 ms to -0 ms max. when the $C$, $D$, or $G$ mode signal of the H3CR-AP is OFF.
2. Refer to the Life-test Curve.

## Life-test Curve



Reference: A maximum current of 0.15 A can be switched at $125 \mathrm{VDC}(\cos \phi=1)$ and a maximum current of 0.1 A can be switched if $L / R$ is 7 ms . In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (failure level: P).

## Connections

## Block Diagrams

H3CR-A/AS

H3CR-AP



I/O Functions

| Inputs (for -A/ <br> -AS models) | Start | Starts time-measurement. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Reset | Interrupts time-measurement and resets time-measurement value. No time-measurement is made and <br> control output is OFF while the reset input is ON. |
|  | Gate | Prohibits time-measurement. |
| Outputs | Control output | Outputs are turned ON according to designated output mode when preset value is reached. |

Note: H3CR-AP incorporates start input only.

## Terminal Arrangement

Note: The delayed contact of conventional Timers was indicated as
The contact symbol of the H3CR-A is indicated as because its operating mode is six multi-modes (four multi-modes for the H3CR-A8).

## 11-pin Models

H3CR-A/-A-300/-A-301 (Contact Output)


H3CR-AS (Transistor Output)


Note: Terminals 1, 3, 4, and 8 are empty. Terminals 2, 5, 6, 7, and 10 are the same as for the H3CR-A.

H3CR-AP (Contact Output)


Note: 1. Terminal 5 is empty.
2. Separate power supplies can be used for the Timer and inputs.

## 8-pin Models

## H3CR-A8/-A8-301 (Contact Output)



H3CR-A8S (Transistor Output)


Note: Terminals 1, 3, 4, and 5 are empty. Terminals 2 and 7 are the same as for the H3CR-A8.

H3CR-A8E (Contact Output)


## Input Connections

## H3CR-A/-AS

The inputs of the H3CR-A/-AS are no-voltage (short-circuit or open) inputs.

## No-voltage Inputs

No-contact Input
(Connection to NPN open

Operates with transistor ON


Contact Input

No-voltage Input Signal Levels

| No-contact <br> input | 1. Short-circuit level <br> Transistor ON <br> Residual voltage: $1 \mathrm{~V} \max$. <br> Impedance when ON: $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ max. |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 2. Open level <br> Transistor OFF <br> Impedance when OFF: $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ min. |
| Contact <br> input | Use contacts which can <br> adequately switch 0.1 mA at 5 V |

No-contact Input
(Connection to a voltage output sensor.)


Operates with transistor ON

## H3CR-AP

The start input of the H3CR-AP is voltage input. (Voltage imposition or open)
Voltage Inputs

## No-contact Input

(Connection to PNP open
collector output sensor)


Operates with PNP transistor ON

## No-contact Input

(Connection to NPN open
collector output sensor)


Operates with NPN transistor ON
Note: The input circuit is isolated from the power supply circuit. Thus, an NPN transistor can be connected.

## Contact Input



Operates with relay ON
Note: Refer to the signal levels in the following table and be aware of the minimum applicable load of the relay.

Note: Before making connections, refer to Safety Precautions (H3CR- $\square$ ).

Voltage Input Signal Levels

| No-contact input | 1. Transistor ON <br> Residual voltage: 1 V max. <br> The voltage between terminals 6 and 7 must be 10.8 VDC min |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 2. Transistor OFF <br> Leakage current: 0.01 mA max. <br> The voltage between terminals 6 and 7 must be 1.2 VDC max. |
| Contact input | Use contacts that can adequately switch 0.1 mA at each operating voltage. <br> The voltage between terminals 6 and 7 with contacts ON or OFF must satisfy the specified value. <br> Contacts ON <br> 100-to-240-VAC and 100-to-125-VDC models: 85 to 264 VAC or 85 to 137.5 VDC <br> 24-to-48-VAC and 12-to-48-VDC models: 20.4 to 52.8 VAC or 10.8 to 52.8 VDC <br> Contacts OFF <br> 100-to-240-VAC and 100-to-125-VDC models: 0 to 10 VAC or 0 to 10 VDC <br> 24-to-48-VAC and 12-to-48-VDC models: 0 to 2.4 VAC or 0 to 1.2 VDC |

## Operation

## Timing Chart

Note: 1. The minimum power-opening time ("Rt") is 0.1 s
2. The minimum input pulse width (for start, reset) is 0.05 s .
3. The letter " t " in the timing charts stands for the set time and " $\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{a}$ " means that the period is less than the time set.
4. Power supply start in mode J is also possible for $\mathrm{H} 3 \mathrm{CR}-\mathrm{A} 8 /-\mathrm{A} 8 \mathrm{E} /-\mathrm{A} 8 \mathrm{~S} /-\mathrm{A} 8-301$ models.
5. Refer to page 16 for application examples.

## H3CR-A/-AS/-AP*

*H3CR-AP model incorporates start input only.


| $\begin{gathered} \text { Operating } \\ \text { mode } \end{gathered}$ | Timing chart |
| :---: | :---: |
| D: Signal OFFdelay |  |
| E: Interval | Basic operation <br> Note: Start input is valid and retriggerable while the Timer is in operation. |
| G: Signal ON/ OFF-delay | Basic operation <br> Note: Start input is valid and retriggerable while the Timer is in operation. |
| J: One-shot output | Basic operation <br> Note: Start input is valid and retriggerable while the Timer is in operation. |

## Gate Signal Input



Note: 1. This timing chart indicates the gate input in operating mode A (ON-delay operation).
2. The set time is the sum of $\mathrm{t}_{1}$ and t .
3. H3CR-AP model incorporates start input only.

H3CR-A8/-A8S


Note: 1. The minimum power-opening time ("Rt") is 0.1 s .
2. The letter " t " in the timing charts stands for the set time and " $\mathrm{t}-\mathrm{a}$ " means that the period is less than the time set.

## H3CR-A8E



Note: 1. The minimum power-opening time ("Rt") is 0.1 s .
2. The letter " $t$ " in the timing charts stands for the set time and " $t-a$ " means that the period is less than the time set.

## Nomenclature



## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated
H3CR-A
H3CR-AP

## H3CR-AS



H3CR-A8
H3CR-A8S
H3CR-A8E


Dimensions with Set Ring


Dimensions with Front Connecting Socket P2CF-08- $\square /$ P2CF-11- $\square$

*These dimensions vary with the kind of DIN track (reference value).

## Application Examples (H3CR-A)

## A Mode: ON-delay

ON-delay operation (A mode) is a basic mode.

## 1. Power-ON Start/Power-OFF Reset

The Power-ON start/Power-OFF reset operation is a standard operating method.


Externally short-circuited


## 2. Signal Start/Signal Reset

The Signal start/Signal reset operation is useful for remote control of the Timer.


## 3. Control of Integrated Time with Gate Signal

With a gate signal, the Power-ON start operation and Signal start operation can be controlled (the operation can be interrupted).


## B/B2 Mode: Flicker

The flicker operation in the B and B2 modes can be effectively applied to lamp or buzzer (ON and OFF) alarms or the monitoring of an intermittent operation with a display.

## 1. Power-ON Start/Power-OFF Reset (in B Mode)



Externally short-circuited


## 2. Signal Start/Signal Reset (in B Mode)

If there is an abnormal signal, flashing starts. When the abnormal condition is restored, a reset signal stops the display flashing.



## C Mode: Signal ON/OFF-delay

The Signal ON-/OFF-delay operation (C mode) is useful for the control of distribution of products on a production line into boxes by the specified number or time.

## 1. Power-ON Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset

A set of these functions is useful for the operation of a machine for a specified period when power is ON.


Externally short-circuited


## 2. Signal-ON-OFF Start/Instantaneous Operation/Time-limit Reset



Start signal


## D Mode: Signal OFF-delay

Signal OFF-delay operation (D mode) can be effectively used to keep a load operating for a certain period. For example, this function enables the cooling fan for a lamp or heater to operate for a certain period after the lamp or heater is switched OFF.

## 1. Power-ON Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset



## 2. Signal Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset


(Power continuously supplied)

## E Mode: Interval

## 1. Power-ON Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset

This function is useful for the operation of a machine for a specified period after power is ON.


## 2. Signal Start/Instantaneous Operation/ Time-limit Reset

This function is useful for the repetitive control such as the filling of liquid for a specified period after each Signal start input.


(Power continuously supplied)

## Safety Precautions (H3CR-A)

Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers.

Note: The following precautions apply to all H3CR-A models.

## Power Supplies

For the power supply of an input device of the H3CR-A $\square /-A \square S /-A P$, use an isolating transformer with the primary and secondary windings mutually isolated and the secondary winding not grounded.

## Correct



Incorrect


The H3CR-A $\square /-\mathrm{A} \square \mathrm{S} / \mathrm{AP}$ 's power supply terminal 2 is a common terminal for input signals to the Timer. Do not disconnect the wires on terminal 2, otherwise the internal circuitry of the Timer will be damaged.


Make sure that the voltage is applied within the specified range, otherwise the internal elements of the Timer may be damaged.

## Input/Output

## Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (except for H3CR-A8E)

The H3CR-A (except for H3CR-A8E) uses transformerless power supply. When connecting a relay or transistor as an external signal input device, pay attention to the following points to prevent shortcircuiting due to a sneak current to the transformerless power supply. If a relay or transistor is connected to two or more Timers, the input terminals of those Timers must be wired properly so that they will not differ in phase, otherwise the terminals will be short-circuited to one another.


## Correct



It is impossible to provide two independent power switches as shown below regardless of whether or not the Timers are different in phase


## Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (H3CR-A $\square /-\mathbf{A} \square \mathbf{S}$ )

An appropriate input is applied to the input signal terminals of the H3CR-A $\square /-A \square S$ when one of the input terminals is short-circuited with the common terminal (terminal 2) for the input signals. Never use terminal 10 as the common terminal for this purpose, otherwise the internal circuit of the Timer will be damaged.

Incorrect


Do not connect a relay or any other load between input terminals, otherwise the internal circuit of the Timer will be damaged due to the high-tension voltage applied to the input terminals.


## Relationship between Input and Power Supply Circuits (H3CR-AP)



Since the input circuit and the power supply circuit are configured independently, the input circuit can be turned ON or OFF irrespective of the ON/OFF state of the power supply.
It must be noted that a voltage equivalent to the power supply voltage is applied to the input circuit.

If a relay or transistor is connected to two or more Timers, the input terminals of those Timers must be wired properly so that they will not be different in phase or the terminals will be short-circuited to one another (refer to the figures below).

Incorrect


Correct Contact or transistor for external input signa


## Common to All H3CR-A Models

With the H3CR-AP, input wires must be as short as possible. If the floating capacity of wires exceeds $1,200 \mathrm{pF}$ (approx. 10 m for cables with $120 \mathrm{pF} / \mathrm{m}$ ), the operation will be affected. Pay particular attention when using shielded cables.
The H3CR-A $\square$ S transistor output is isolated from the internal circuitry by a photocoupler. Therefore, either NPN or PNP output is possible.

## ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.

To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .
In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

## DIN $48 \times 48$-mm Twin Timers

- Wide power supply ranges of 100 to 240 VAC and 48 to 125 VDC respectively.
- ON- and OFF-times can be set independently and so combinations of long ON- or OFF-time and short OFF- or ONtime settings are possible.
- Fourteen time ranges from 0.05 s to 30 h or from 1.2 s to 300 h depending on the model to be used.
- Models with a flicker ON start or flicker OFF start are available.
- Easy sequence checks through instantaneous outputs for a zero set value at any time range.
- Length, when panel-mounted with a Socket, of 80 mm or less.



## ( $\in$ )

-11-pin and 8-pin models are available.

## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend



## 1. Classification

F: Twin timers
2. Configuration

None: 11-pin socket
8: 8 -pin socket

## 3. Twin Timer Mode

None: Flicker OFF start
N : Flicker ON start
4. Time Range

None: 0.05 s to 30 h models
300: 1.2 s to 300 h models

## 5. Supply Voltage

100-240AC: 100 to 240 VAC
24AC/DC: $24 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{VDC}$
12DC: 12 VDC
48-125DC: 48 to 125 VDC

## Ordering Information

## List of Models

| Operating modes | Supply voltage | 0.05 s to 30 h models |  | 1.2 s to 300 h models |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 11-pin models | 8-pin models | 11-pin models | 8-pin models |
| Flicker OFF start | 100 to 240 VAC | H3CR-F 100-240AC | H3CR-F8 100-240AC | H3CR-F-300 100-240AC | H3CR-F8-300 100-240AC |
|  | 24 VAC/DC | H3CR-F 24AC/DC | H3CR-F8 24AC/DC | H3CR-F-300 24AC/DC | H3CR-F8-300 24AC/DC |
|  | 12 VDC | H3CR-F 12DC | H3CR-F8 12DC | H3CR-F-300 12DC | H3CR-F8-300 12DC |
|  | 48 to 125 VDC | H3CR-F 48-125DC | H3CR-F8 48-125DC | H3CR-F-300 48-125DC | H3CR-F8-300 48-125DC |
| Flicker ON start | 100 to 240 VAC | H3CR-FN 100-240AC | H3CR-F8N 100-240AC | H3CR-FN-300 100-240AC | H3CR-F8N-300 100-240AC |
|  | 24 VAC/DC | H3CR-FN 24AC/DC | H3CR-F8N 24AC/DC | H3CR-FN-300 24AC/DC | H3CR-F8N-300 24AC/DC |
|  | 12 VDC | H3CR-FN 12DC | H3CR-F8N 12DC | H3CR-FN-300 12DC | H3CR-F8N-300 12DC |
|  | 48 to 125 VDC | H3CR-FN 48-125DC | H3CR-F8N 48-125DC | H3CR-FN-300 48-125DC | H3CR-F8N-300 48-125DC |

Note: Specify both the model number and supply voltage when ordering. Example: H3CR-F 100-240AC

■ Accessories (Order Separately)

| Name/specifications |  | Models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flush Mounting Adapter |  | Y92F-30 |
|  |  | Y92F-73 |
|  |  | Y92F-74 |
| Mounting Track | $50 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{( } \mathrm{)} \times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{t})$ | PFP-50N |
|  | 1 m()$\times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (t) | PFP-100N |
|  | $1 \mathrm{~m}(\mathrm{)} \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}$ (t) | PFP-100N2 |
| End Plate |  | PFP-M |
| Spacer |  | PFP-S |
| Protective Cover |  | Y92A-48B |
| Track Mounting/ Front Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P2CF-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-08-E |
|  | 11-pin | P2CF-11 |
|  | 11-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-11-E |
| Back Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P3G-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P3G-08 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
|  | 11-pin | P3GA-11 |
|  | 11-pin, finger safe type | P3GA-11 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
| Hold-down Clip (See note 2) | For PL08 and PL11 Sockets | Y92H-7 |
|  | For PF085A Socket | Y92H-8 |

Note: 1. Y92A-48G is a finger safe terminal cover which is attached to the P3G-08 or P3GA-11 Socket.
2. Hold-down Clips are sold in sets of two.

## Specifications

## General

| Item | H3CR-F | H3CR-F8 | H3CR-FN | H3CR-F8N |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Operating mode | Flicker OFF start | Flicker ON start | 8-pin |  |
| Pin type | 11-pin | 8-pin | 11-pin |  |
| Operating/Reset method | Time-limit operation/Time-limit reset or self-reset |  |  |  |
| Output type | Relay output (DPDT) |  |  |  |
| Mounting method | DIN track mounting, surface mounting, and flush mounting |  |  |  |
| Approved standards | UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14, NK, Lloyds <br> Conforms to EN6181-1 and IEC60664-1 (VDE0110) 4kV/2. <br> Output category according to EN60947-5-1. |  |  |  |

## Time Ranges

### 0.05 s to 30 h Models

| Time unit |  | s (sec) | $\times 10 \mathrm{~s}(10 \mathrm{sec})$ | min (min) | h (hrs) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Setting | 1.2 | 0.05 to 1.2 | 1.2 to 12 | 0.12 to 1.2 |  |
|  | 3 | 0.3 to 3 | 3 to 30 | 0.3 to 3 |  |
|  | 12 | 1.2 to 12 | 12 to 120 | 1.2 to 12 |  |
|  | 30 | 3 to 30 | 30 to 300 | 3 to 30 |  |

Note: Instantaneous output is available at any time range. To obtain instantaneous output, set to below 0 .

## 1.2 s to $\mathbf{3 0 0} \mathrm{h}$ Models

| Time unit |  | $\times \mathbf{1 0 ~ s ( 1 0 ~ s e c )}$ | $\times \mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ m i n ~ ( 1 0 ~ m i n ) ~}$ | $\mathbf{h ( h r s )}$ | $\times \mathbf{1 0} \mathbf{~ h ~ ( 1 0 ~ h r s ) ~}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Setting | 1.2 | 1.2 to 12 | 1.2 to 12 | 0.12 to 1.2 | 1.2 to 12 |
|  | 3 | 3 to 30 | 3 to 30 | 0.3 to 3 | 3 to 30 |
|  | 12 | 12 to 120 | 12 to 120 | 3 to 30 | 12 to 120 |
|  | 30 | 30 to 300 | 30 to 300 | 30 to 300 |  |

[^0]Ratings

| Rated supply voltage (See notes 1, 2, and 3.) | 100 to 240 VAC (50/60 Hz), $12 \mathrm{VDC}, 24 \mathrm{VAC/DC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 48 to 125 VDC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage range | $85 \%$ to $110 \%$ of rated supply voltage; $90 \%$ to $110 \%$ with $12-\mathrm{VDC}$ models |
| Power reset | Minimum power-opening time: 0.1 s |
| Power consumption | 100 to 240 VAC: approx. $10 \mathrm{VA}(2.1 \mathrm{~W})$ at 240 VAC <br> $24 \mathrm{VAC/VDC}:$ approx. $2 \mathrm{VA}(1.7 \mathrm{~W})$ at 24 VAC <br>  <br> approx. 1 W at 24 VDC <br> 48 to $125 \mathrm{VDC}:$ <br> approx. 1.5 W at 125 VDC <br> 12 VDC: <br> approx. 1 W at 12 VDC  |
| Control outputs | Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC, resistive load ( $\cos \phi=1$ ) |

Note: 1. A power supply with a ripple of $20 \%$ max. (single-phase power supply with full-wave rectification) can be used with each DC Model.
2. Do not use an inverter output as the power supply. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers for details.
3. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers when using the Timer together with a 2-wire AC proximity sensor.

Characteristics

| Accuracy of operating time | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS $\pm 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ max. in ranges of 1.2 and 3 s ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Setting error | $\pm 5 \%$ FS $\pm 50 \mathrm{~ms}$ max. |
| Reset time | 0.1 s max. |
| Reset voltage | 10\% max. of rated voltage |
| Influence of voltage | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS $\pm 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ max. in ranges of 1.2 and 3 s ) |
| Influence of temperature | $\pm 1 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 1 \%$ FS $\pm 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. in ranges of 1.2 and 3s) |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Dielectric strength | 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between current-carrying metal parts and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) <br> 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between control output terminals and operating circuit) <br> 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts of different polarities) <br> $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts not located next to each other) |
| Impulse withstand voltage | 3 kV (between power terminals) for 100 to 240 VAC, 48 to 125 VDC <br> 1 kV for 12 VDC, 24 VAC/DC <br> 4.5 kV (between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) for 100 to 240 VAC, 48 to 125 VDC <br> 1.5 kV for 12 VDC, 24 VAC/DC |
| Noise immunity | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{kV}$ (between power terminals), square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width: $100 \mathrm{~ns} / 1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, 1 -ns rise) $\pm 400 \mathrm{~V}$ for 12 VDC |
| Static immunity | Malfunction: 8 kV <br> Destruction: 15 kV |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.75-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 hrs each in three directions Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.5-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 10 min each in three directions |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ three times each in six directions <br> Malfunction: $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ three times each in six directions |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 35\% to 85\% |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 20 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h) Electrical: $\quad 100,000$ operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1,800 operations/h) (See note) |
| EMC |  |
| Case color | Light Gray (Munsell 5Y7/1) |
| Degree of protection | IP40 (panel surface) |
| Weight | Approx. 100 g |

Note: Refer to the Life-test Curve.

## Life-test Curve



Reference: A maximum current of 0.15 A can be switched at $125 \mathrm{VDC}(\cos \phi=1)$ and a maximum current of 0.1 A can be switched if $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}$ is 7 ms . In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (failure level: P ).

## Connections

- Block Diagrams



## I/O Functions

| Inputs | --- |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Outputs | Control output | Outputs are turned ON/OFF according to the time set by the ON- and OFF-time setting knob. |

## Terminal Arrangement



H3CR-F
H3CR-FN
H3CR-F-300
H3CR-FN-300


Note: Leave terminals 5, 6, and 7 open.
Do not use them as relay terminals.

## Operation

## Timing Chart

ton: ON set time
toff: OFF set time


Note: 1. The reset time requires a minimum of 0.1 s .
2. When power is supplied in flicker ON start mode, the OFF indicator lights momentarily. This, however, has no effect on the performance of the Timer.

## Nomenclature



## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.
H3CR-F
H3CR-FN
H3CR-F-300
H3CR-FN-300


H3CR-F8
H3CR-F8N
H3CR-F8-300
H3CR-F8N-300


Dimensions with Front Connecting Socket P2CF-08- $\square /$ P2CF-11- $\square$


P2CF-11
P2CF-11-E


Dimensions with Back Connecting Socket P3G-08/P3GA-11

*These dimensions vary with the kind of DIN track (reference value).

## DIN $48 \times$ 48-mm Star-delta Timer

- A wide star-time range (up to 120 seconds) and star-delta transfer time range (up to 0.5 seconds).



## ( $\boldsymbol{C}$ 就

## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend



1. Classification

G: Star-delta timer
2. Configuration

8: 8-pin socket

## 3. Outputs

None: Star-delta operation contact
E: Star-delta operation contact and instantaneous contact
4. Dimensions

L: Long-body model
5. Supply Voltage

100-120AC: 100 to 120 VAC
200-240AC: 200 to 240 VAC

## Ordering Information

- List of Models

| Outputs | Supply voltage | 8-pin models |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Time-limit contact | 100 to 120 VAC | H3CR-G8L 100-120AC |
|  | 200 to 240 VAC | H3CR-G8L 200-240AC |
|  | 100 to 120 VAC | H3CR-G8EL 100-120AC |
|  | 200 to 240 VAC | H3CR-G8EL 200-240AC |

Note: Specify both the model number and supply voltage when ordering.
Example: H3CR-G8L 100-120AC
Supply voltage

## Accessories (Order Separately)

| Name/specifications |  | Models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flush Mounting Adapter |  | Y92F-30 |
|  |  | Y92F-70 |
|  |  | Y92F-71 |
| Mounting Track | $50 \mathrm{~cm}(\ell) \times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{t})$ | PFP-50N |
|  | $1 \mathrm{~m}(\mathrm{l} \times \times .3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (t) | PFP-100N |
|  | $1 \mathrm{~m}(\ell) \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}$ (t) | PFP-100N2 |
| End Plate |  | PFP-M |
| Spacer |  | PFP-S |
| Protective Cover |  | Y92A-48B |
| Track Mounting/ Front Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P2CF-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-08-E |
| Back Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P3G-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P3G-08 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
| Time Setting Ring (See note 2) | Setting a specific time | Y92S-27 |
|  | Limiting the setting range | Y92S-28 |
| Panel Cover | Light gray (5Y7/1) | Y92P-48GL |
|  | Black (N1.5) | Y92P-48GB |
|  | Medium gray (5Y5/1) | Y92P-48GM |
| Hold-down Clip (See note 3) | For PL08 and PL11 Sockets | Y92H-1 |
|  | For PF085A Socket | Y92H-2 |

Note: 1. Y92A-48G is a finger safe terminal cover which is attached to the P3G-08 Socket.
2. The Time Setting Ring cannot be used alone. It must be used together with the Panel Cover.
3. Hold-down Clips are sold in sets of two.

## Specifications

## General

| Item | H3CR-G8L | H3CR-G8EL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Functions | Star-delta timer | Star-delta timer with instantaneous output |
| Pin type | 8-pin |  |
| Operating/Reset method | Time-limit operation/Self-reset |  |
| Output type | Time-limit: SPST-NO (star operation circuit) SPST-NO (delta operation circuit) | Time-limit: SPST-NO (star operation circuit) <br>  SPST-NO (delta operation circuit) <br> Instantaneous: SPST-NO |
| Mounting method | DIN track mounting, surface mounting, and flush mounting |  |
| Approved standards | UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14, NK, Lloyds Conforms to EN61812-1 and IEC60664-1 (VDE0110) 4kV/2. Output category according to EN60947-5-1. |  |

## ■ Time Ranges

| Time unit |  | Star operation time ranges |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Full scale setting | $\mathbf{6}$ | 0.5 to 6 s |
|  | $\mathbf{1 2}$ | 1 to 12 s |
|  | $\mathbf{6 0}$ | 5 to 60 s |
|  | $\mathbf{1 2 0}$ | 10 to 120 s |

[^1]Ratings

| Rated supply voltage (See notes 1 and 2.) | 100 to $120 \mathrm{VAC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}), 200$ to $240 \mathrm{VAC}(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Operating voltage range | $85 \%$ to $110 \%$ of rated supply voltage |
| Power reset | Minimum power-opening time: 0.5 s |
| Power consumption | 100 to 120 VAC: approx. $6 \mathrm{VA}(2.6 \mathrm{~W})$ at 120 VAC |
| 200 to $240 \mathrm{VAC}:$ approx. $12 \mathrm{VA}(3.0 \mathrm{~W})$ at 240 VAC |  |
| Control outputs | Contact output: 5 A at $250 \mathrm{VAC} / 30 \mathrm{VDC}$, resistive load $(\cos \phi=1)$ |

Note: 1. Do not use an inverter output as the power supply. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers for details.
2. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers when using the Timer together with a 2 -wire AC proximity sensor.

## Characteristics

| Accuracy of operating time | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Setting error | $\pm 5 \%$ FS $\pm 50 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. |
| Accuracy of Star-delta transfer time | $\pm 25 \%$ FS + 5 ms max. |
| Reset voltage | 10\% max. of rated voltage |
| Influence of voltage | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. |
| Influence of temperature | $\pm 1 \%$ FS max. |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ min. (at 500 VDC$)$ |
| Dielectric strength | $2,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between current-carrying metal parts and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) $2,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between control output terminals and operating circuit) <br> 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts of different polarities) <br> $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts not located next to each other) |
| Impulse withstand voltage | 3 kV (between power terminals) 4.5 kV (between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) |
| Noise immunity | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{kV}$ (between power terminals), square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width: $100 \mathrm{~ns} / 1 \mu \mathrm{~s}, 1-\mathrm{ns}$ rise) |
| Static immunity | Malfunction: 8 kV Destruction: 15 kV |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.75-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 hrs each in three directions Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.5-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 10 min each in three directions |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ three times each in six directions Malfunction: $294 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ three times each in six directions |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) <br> Storage: $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 35\% to 85\% |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 20 million operations min. (under no load at 1,800 operations/h) Electrical: $\quad 100,000$ operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1,800 operations/h) (See note) |
| EMC |  |
| Case color | Light Gray (Munsell 5Y7/1) |
| Degree of protection | IP40 (panel surface) |
| Weight | H3CR-G8L: approx. 110 g ; H3CR-G8EL: approx. 130 g |

Note: Refer to the Life-test Curve.

## Life-test Curve



Reference: A maximum current of 0.15 A can be switched at $125 \mathrm{VDC}(\cos \phi=1)$ and a maximum current of 0.1 A can be switched if $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}$ is 7 ms . In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC (failure level: P ).

## Connections

## Block Diagrams

H3CR-G8L


H3CR-G8EL


## I/O Functions

| Inputs | --- |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Outputs | Control output | If the time reaches the value set with the time setting knob, the star operation output will be turned OFF <br> and there will be delta operation output after the set star-delta transfer time has elapsed. |

## Terminal Arrangement

H3CR-G8L


Note: Leave terminals 1, 3, and 4 open. Do not use them as relay terminals.

H3CR-G8EL


Note: Leave terminal 4 open. Do not use them as relay terminals.

## Operation

## - Timing Chart

t1: Star operation time setting
t2: Star-delta transfer time


## Nomenclature



## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.


Dimensions with Set Ring


Dimensions with Front Connecting Socket P2CF-08- $\square$

*These dimensions vary with the kind of DIN track (reference value).

## DIN $48 \times 48$-mm Power OFF-delay Timer

- Long power OFF-delay times;

S-series: up to 12 seconds,
M-series: up to 12 minutes.

- Models with forced-reset input are available.
-11-pin and 8-pin models are available.



## ( $\in$ 께장

## Model Number Structure

## Model Number Legend

Note: This model number legend includes combinations that are not available. Before ordering, please check the List of Models on page 1 for availability.


| 1. Classification | 3. Input | 5. Supply Voltage | 6. Time Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| H: Power OFF-delay timer | None: Without reset input | 100-120AC: 100 to 120 VAC | S: $\quad 0.05$ to 12 s |
| 2. Configuration | R : With reset input | 200-240AC: 200 to 240 VAC | $\mathrm{M}: \quad 0.05$ to 12 min |
| None: 11-pin socket | 4. Dimensions | 48DC: 48 VDC |  |
| 8: 8-pin socket | L: Long-body model | 100-125DC: 100 to 125 VDC |  |

## List of Models

| Input | Output | Supply voltage | S-series |  | M-series |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 11-pin models | 8-pin models | 11-pin models | 8-pin models |
| Without reset input | DPDT | 100 to 120 VAC | --- | H3CR-H8L 100-120AC S | --- | H3CR-H8L 100-120AC M |
|  |  | 200 to 240 VAC |  | H3CR-H8L 200-240AC S |  | H3CR-H8L 200-240AC M |
|  |  | 24 VAC/DC |  | H3CR-H8L 24AC/DC S |  | H3CR-H8L 24AC/DC M |
|  |  | 48 VDC |  | H3CR-H8L 48DC S |  | H3CR-H8L 48DC M |
|  |  | 100 to 125 VDC |  | H3CR-H8L 100-125DC S |  | H3CR-H8L 100-125DC M |
| With reset input |  | 100 to 120 VAC | H3CR-HRL 100-120AC S | --- | H3CR-HRL 100-120AC M | --- |
|  |  | 200 to 240 VAC | H3CR-HRL 200-240AC S |  | H3CR-HRL 200-240AC M |  |
|  |  | 24 VAC/DC | H3CR-HRL 24AC/DC S |  | H3CR-HRL 24AC/DC M |  |
|  |  | 48 VDC | H3CR-HRL 48DC S |  | H3CR-HRL 48DC M |  |
|  |  | 100 to 125 VDC | H3CR-HRL 100-125DC S |  | H3CR-HRL 100-125DC M |  |
|  | SPDT | 100 to 120 VAC | --- | H3CR-H8RL 100-120AC S | --- | H3CR-H8RL 100-120AC M |
|  |  | 200 to 240 VAC |  | H3CR-H8RL 200-240AC S |  | H3CR-H8RL 200-240AC M |
|  |  | 24 VAC/DC |  | H3CR-H8RL 24AC/DC S |  | H3CR-H8RL 24AC/DC M |
|  |  | 48 VDC |  | H3CR-H8RL 48DC S |  | H3CR-H8RL 48DC M |
|  |  | 100 to 125 VDC |  | H3CR-H8RL 100-125DC S |  | H3CR-H8RL 100-125DC M |

Note: Specify the model number, supply voltage, and time range (S or M) when ordering. Example: H3CR-H8L 100-120AC S

Accessories (Order Separately)

| Name/specifications |  | Models |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Flush Mounting Adapter |  | Y92F-30 |
|  |  | Y92F-70 |
|  |  | Y92F-71 |
| Mounting Track | $50 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{( } \mathrm{)} \times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{t})$ | PFP-50N |
|  | 1 m()$\times 7.3 \mathrm{~mm}$ (t) | PFP-100N |
|  | $1 \mathrm{~m}(\mathrm{)} \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}$ (t) | PFP-100N2 |
| End Plate |  | PFP-M |
| Spacer |  | PFP-S |
| Protective Cover |  | Y92A-48B |
| Track Mounting/ Front Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P2CF-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-08-E |
|  | 11-pin | P2CF-11 |
|  | 11-pin, finger safe type | P2CF-11-E |
| Back Connecting Socket | 8-pin | P3G-08 |
|  | 8-pin, finger safe type | P3G-08 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
|  | 11-pin | P3GA-11 |
|  | 11-pin, finger safe type | P3GA-11 with Y92A-48G (See note 1) |
| Hold-down Clip (See note 2) | For PL08 and PL11 Sockets | Y92H-1 |
|  | For PF085A Socket | Y92H-2 |

Note: 1. Y92A-48G is a finger safe terminal cover which is attached to the P3G-08 or P3GA-11 Socket.
2. Hold-down Clips are sold in sets of two.

## Specifications

## General

| Item | H3CR-H8L | H3CR-H8RL | H3CR-HRL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating/Reset method | Instantaneous operation/Time-limit reset | Instantaneous operation/Time-limit reset/Forced reset |  |
| Pin type | 8-pin |  | 11-pin |
| Input type | --- | No-voltage |  |
| Output type | Relay output (DPDT) | Relay output (SPDT) | Relay output (DPDT) |
| Mounting method | DIN track mounting, surface mounting, and flush mounting |  |  |
| Approved standards | UL508, CSA C22.2 No.14, NK, Lloyds Conforms to EN61812-1 and IEC60664-1 (VDE0110) 4kV/2. Output category according to EN60947-5-1. |  |  |

## Time Ranges

| Time unit |  | S-series |  | M-series |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | s (sec) | $\min (\mathrm{min})$ |
| Setting | 0.6 | 0.05 to 0.6 |  |  |
|  | 1.2 | 0.12 to 1.2 |  |  |
|  | 6 | 0.6 to 6 |  |  |
|  | 12 | 1.2 to 12 |  |  |
| Min. power ON time |  | 0.1 s min . |  | 2 s min. |
| Time-up operation repeat period |  | 3 s min . |  |  |
| Forced-reset repeat period |  | $3 \mathrm{~s} \mathrm{min}$. |  |  |

Note: 1. If the above minimum power ON time is not secured, the H3CR may not operate. Be sure to secure the above minimum power ON time.
2. Do not use the Timer with a repeat period of less than 3 s . Doing so may result in abnormal heating or burning. Refer to Safety Precautions (H3CR-H) on page 8 for details.

Ratings

| Rated supply voltage (See notes 1 and 2.) | 100 to 120 VAC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 200 to 240 VAC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 24 VAC/VDC ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), 48 VDC , 100 to 125 VDC |
| :---: | :---: |
| Operating voltage range | 85\% to $110 \%$ of rated supply voltage |
| No-voltage input (See note 3.) | ON-impedance: $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ max. <br> ON residual voltage: 1 V max. <br> OFF impedance: $500 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ min. |
| Power consumption | 100 to $120 \mathrm{VAC}:$ approx. $0.23 \mathrm{VA}(0.22 \mathrm{~W})$ at 120 VAC <br> 200 to $240 \mathrm{VAC}:$ approx. $0.35 \mathrm{VA}(0.3 \mathrm{~W})$ at 240 VAC <br> $24 \mathrm{VAC} / \mathrm{DC}:$ approx. $0.17 \mathrm{VA}(0.15 \mathrm{~W})$ at 24 VAC <br>  approx. 0.1 W at 24 VDC <br> $48 \mathrm{VDC:}$ approx. 0.18 W at 48 VDC <br> 100 to $125 \mathrm{VDC}:$ approx. 0.5 W at 125 VDC |
| Control outputs | Contact output: 5 A at 250 VAC/30 VDC, resistive load ( $\cos \phi=1$ ) |

Note: 1. A power supply with a ripple of $20 \%$ max. (single-phase power supply with full-wave rectification) can be used with each DC Model.
2. Do not use an inverter output as the power supply. Refer to Safety Precautions for All Timers for details.
3. For contact input, use contacts which can adequately switch 1 mA at 5 V .

## Characteristics

| Accuracy of operating time | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS $\pm 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. in ranges of 0.6 and 1.2 s ) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Setting error | $\pm 5 \%$ FS $\pm 50$ ms max. |
| Operation start voltage | 30\% max. of rated voltage |
| Influence of voltage | $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 0.2 \%$ FS $\pm 10 \mathrm{~ms}$ max. in ranges of 0.6 and 1.2 s ) |
| Influence of temperature | $\pm 1 \%$ FS max. ( $\pm 1 \%$ FS $\pm 10 \mathrm{~ms} \mathrm{max}$. in ranges of 0.6 and 1.2 s ) |
| Insulation resistance | $100 \mathrm{M} \Omega \mathrm{min}$. (at 500 VDC ) |
| Dielectric strength | 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between current-carrying metal parts and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between control output terminals and operating circuit) <br> 2,000 VAC, $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts of different polarities) <br> $1,000 \mathrm{VAC}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ for 1 min (between contacts not located next to each other) |
| Impulse withstand voltage | 3 kV (between power terminals) for 100 to 120 VAC, 200 to 240 VAC, 100 to 125 VDC; <br> 1 kV for 24 VAC/DC, 48 VDC <br> 4.5 kV (between current-carrying terminal and exposed non-current-carrying metal parts) for 100 to 120 VAC, 200 to 240 VAC, 100 to 125 VDC; <br> 1.5 kV for 24 VAC/DC, 48 VDC |
| Noise immunity | $\pm 1.5 \mathrm{kV}$ (between power terminals) and $\pm 600 \mathrm{~V}$ (between input terminals), square-wave noise by noise simulator (pulse width: $100 \mathrm{~ns} / 1 \mu \mathrm{~s}$, 1 -ns rise); $\pm 1 \mathrm{kV}$ (between power terminals) for 48 VDC |
| Static immunity | Malfunction: 8 kV , Destruction: 15 kV |
| Vibration resistance | Destruction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.75-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 2 hrs each in three directions Malfunction: 10 to 55 Hz with $0.5-\mathrm{mm}$ single amplitude for 10 min each in three directions |
| Shock resistance | Destruction: $980 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ three times each in six directions <br> Malfunction: $98 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ three times each in six directions |
| Ambient temperature | Operating: $\quad-10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing), Storage: $\quad-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (with no icing) |
| Ambient humidity | Operating: 35\% to 85\% |
| Life expectancy | Mechanical: 10 million operations min. (under no load at 1,200 operations/h) Electrical: $\quad 100,000$ operations min. (5 A at 250 VAC, resistive load at 1,200 operations/h) (See note) |
| EMC | (EMI) EN61812-1  <br> Emission Enclosure: EN55011 Group 1 class A  <br> Emission AC Mains: EN55011 Group 1 class A  <br> (EMS) EN61812-1  <br> Immunity ESD:   <br>   6 kV contact discharge (level 3) <br> IEC61000-4-2: 8 kV air discharge (level 3)  <br> Immunity RF-interference from AM Radio Waves: IEC61000-4-3: $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m} \mathrm{(80} \mathrm{MHz} \mathrm{to} \mathrm{1} \mathrm{GHz)} \mathrm{(level} \mathrm{3)}$  <br> Immunity RF-interference from Pulse-modulated Radio Waves: IEC61000-4-3: $10 \mathrm{~V} / \mathrm{m}(900 \pm 5 \mathrm{MHz}$ ) (level 3)   <br> Immunity Conducted Disturbance: IEC61000-4-6: $10 \mathrm{~V} \mathrm{(0.15} \mathrm{to} 80 \mathrm{MHzz}$ (level 3) <br> Immunity Burst: IEC61000-4-4: 2 kV power-line (level 3) <br>   2 kV I/O signal-line (level 4) <br> Immunity Surge:  1 kV line to line (level 3) <br>   2 kV line to ground (level 3) |
| Case color | Light Gray (Munsell 5Y7/1) |
| Degree of protection | IP40 (panel surface) |
| Weight | Approx. 120 g |

Note: Refer to the Life-test Curve.

## Life-test Curve



Reference: A maximum current of 0.15 A can be switched at 125 VDC $(\cos \phi=1)$ and a maximum current of 0.1 A can be switched if $\mathrm{L} / \mathrm{R}$ is 7 ms . In both cases, a life of 100,000 operations can be expected. The minimum applicable load is 10 mA at 5 VDC for H3CR-H8L/-HRL and 100 mA at 5 VDC for H3CR-H8RL (failure level: P ).

## Connections

## Block Diagrams

## Without Reset Input (H3CR-H8L)



With Reset Input (H3CR-H8RL/-HRL)


## I/O Functions

| Inputs | Reset | Turns off the control output and resets the elapsed time. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Outputs | Control output | Operates instantaneously when the power is turned on and time-limit resets when the set time is up <br> after the power is turned off. |

## Terminal Arrangement

Note: DC models, including 24 VAC/DC models, have polarity.

## 8 -pin Models

Without Reset Input (H3CR-H8L)


With Reset Input (H3CR-H8RL)


Note: Leave terminal 3 open. Do not use them as relay terminals.

## 11-pin Model

With Reset Input (H3CR-HRL)


Note: Leave terminal 6 open. Do not use them as relay terminals.

## Operation

## Timing Chart

t: Set time
Rt: Minimum power ON time (S-series: 0.1 s min.; M-series: 2 s min.)
If the power ON time is less than this value, the Timer may not operate (i.e., output may not turn ON).


Note: If the power is turned ON until the set time is up, the timer will be retriggered.


## Dimensions

Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## H3CR-H8L

## H3CR-H8RL



H3CR-HRL


Dimensions with Front Connecting Socket P2CF-08- $\square /$ P2CF-11- $\square$


Dimensions with Back Connecting Socket P3G-08/P3GA-11


[^2]
## Safety Precautions (H3CR-H)

Note: The undermentioned is common for all H3CR-H models.

## - Power Supplies

The H3CR-H has a large inrush current; provide sufficient power supply capacity. If the power supply capacity is too small, there may be delays in turning ON the output.

With the H3CR-H $\square$ RL, for the power supply of an input device, use an isolating transformer, of which the primary and secondary windings are mutually isolated and the secondary winding is not grounded.

## Correct



Incorrect


## Input/Output (H3CR-H $\square$ RL)

An appropriate input is applied to the input signal terminal of the Timer when the input terminal for the input signal is short-circuited. Do not attempt to connect any input terminal to any terminal other than the input terminal or to apply voltage across other than the specified input terminals or the internal circuits of the Timer may be damaged.

The H3CR-H $\square$ RL uses transformerless power supply. When connecting a relay or transistor as an external signal input device, pay attention to the following points to prevent short-circuiting due to a sneak current to the transformerless power supply.

If input is made simultaneously from one input contact or a transistor to the H3CR-H and a Timer whose common input terminals are used as power terminals, such as the H3CR-A, a short-circuit current will be generated. Either input through isolated contacts, or isolate the power supply for one of the Timers.


## Wiring

The H3CR-H has a high impedance circuit. Therefore, the H3CR-H may not be reset if the H3CR-H is influenced by inductive voltage. In order to eliminate any influence of inductive voltage, the wires connected to the H3CR-H must be as short as possible and should not be installed alongside power lines. If the H3CR-H is influenced by inductive voltage that is $30 \%$ or more of the rated voltage, connect a CR filter with a capacitance of approximately $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ and a resistance of approximately $120 \Omega$ or a bleeder resistor between the power supply terminals. If there is any residual voltage due to current leakage, connect a bleeder resistor between the power supply terminals.

## Operation

An interval of 3 s minimum is required to turn on the H3CR-H after the H3CR-H is turned off. If the H3CR-H is turned on and off repeatedly with an interval of shorter than 3 s , abnormal heating or burning may occur in internal elements.


After the forced reset function of the H3CR-H is activated, an interval of 3 s minimum is required to activate the forced reset function again. If the forced reset function is activated repeatedly with an interval of shorter than 3 s , the internal parts of the H3CR-H may deteriorate and the H3CR-H may malfunction.


If it is required that the output be turned on repeatedly with an interval of shorter than 3 s , consider use of the H3CR-A in mode D (signal OFF-delay).

## Others

If the H3CR-H is dropped or experiences some other kind of shock, because a latching relay is used for output, contacts may be reversed or go into a neutral state. If the H3CR-H is dropped, reconfirm correct operation.

[^3]In the interest of product improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice.

Note: The undermentioned is common for all H3CR models.

## Basic Setting

## Setting of Selectors

The selectors can be turned clockwise and counterclockwise to select the desired time unit, time range, or operating mode. Each selector has a snap mechanism that secures the selector at a given position. Set the selector at a position at which it is secured. Do not set it midway between two securing positions or a malfunction could result from improper setting.

## Selection of Operating Mode

## - H3CR-A Multifunctional Timer

Turn the operating mode selector with a screwdriver until the desired operating mode (H3CR-A/AP/AS: A, B, B2, C, D, or E, H3CR-A8/ A8S/A8E: A, B2, E or J, H3CR-A-300: G or J) appears in the display window located above the selector.


## Selection of Time Unit and Time Range

## - H3CR-A Multifunctional Timer

The desired time unit (sec, min, hrs, or 10h) is displayed in the window below the time setting knob by turning the time unit selector located at the lower right corner of the front panel. A time range (1.2, 3,12 , or $30 / 2.4,6,24$, or 60 for H3CR-A $\square-301$ ) is selected with the time range selector at the lower left corner of the front panel, and the selected time range appears (in the window at the lower right part) within the plastic frame of the time setting knob.


- H3CR-F Twin Timers

A time range ( 0 to $1.2,0$ to 3,0 to 12 , or 0 to 30 ) is selected for ON and OFF-time using the time range selector at the lower left corner of the front panel, and the selected time range appears within the plastic frame of the time setting knob (= scale range display windows).


For ON-time, the desired time unit ( $\mathrm{sec}, 10 \mathrm{~s}, \mathrm{~min}$, and hrs, or 10 s , 10 min , hrs , and 10 h ) is indicated in the ON-time unit display window at the lower right corner of the front panel and can be changed by turning the ON-time unit selector located below the ON-time unit display window.


For OFF-time, the desired time unit (sec, 10 s , min, and hrs, or 10 s , 10 min , hrs, and 10 h ) is indicated in the OFF-time unit display window at the upper right corner of the front panel and can be changed by turning the OFF-time unit selector located below the OFF-time unit display window.


## - H3CR-G Star-delta Timers

A star operation time range ( 0 to 6,0 to 12,0 to 60 , or 0 to 120 seconds) is selected with the star operation time range selector at the lower left corner of the front panel.


The time required for switching ( $0.05,0.1,0.25$, or 0.5 second) from the star operation to the delta operation of the H3CR-G can be selected with the star-delta transfer time selector at the lower right corner of the front panel.

## - H3CR-H Power OFF-delay Timers

A time range ( 0 to $0.6,0$ to $1.2,0$ to 6 , and 0 to 12 ) is selected with the time range selector at the lower left corner of the front panel. No time unit selector is available. When ordering the H3CR-H, specify S (for the second unit) or M (for the minute unit) for your H3CR-H.


## Setting of Time

Use the time setting knob to set the desired time.


## Using the Time Setting Ring for H3CR-A/-G

## Setting a Specific Time

Mount the Panel Cover on the Timer, set the desired time with the time setting knob, and place Time Setting Ring A onto the time setting knob so that the time setting notch of Time Setting Ring A is in the center of the reset lock position of the Panel Cover.


Time Setting Ring A Panel cover


Example: To set the time to 10 s .

## Limiting the Setting Range

Example: To set a range of 10 and 20 s .
Mount the Panel Cover on the Timer, set the time setting knob to 10 s (the lower limit of the setting range), and place Time Setting Ring C onto the time setting knob so that the stopper of Time Setting Ring C is on the right edge of the reset lock position of the Panel cover. Next, set the time setting knob to 20 s (the upper limit of the setting range), place Time Setting Ring B onto the time setting knob so that the stopper of Time Setting Ring B is on the left edge of the reset lock position of the Panel Cover.


## Accessories (Order Separately) (Common)

Note: The undermentioned is common for all H3CR models.
Note: All units are in millimeters unless otherwise indicated.

## Flush Mounting Adaptor

## Y92F-30



Y92F-70/-73


Note: The value shown in parentheses is for the Y92F-71.

## Track Mounting/Front Connecting Socket

P2CF-08


P2CF-08-E (Finger Safe Terminal Type) Conforming to VDE0106/P100


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Top View)


Track Mounting/Front Connecting Socket


P2CF-11-E (Finger Safe Terminal Type)
Conforming to VDE0106/P100


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Top View)

Surface Mounting Holes


## Back Connecting Socket

P3G-08


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Bottom View)


P3GA-11


Terminal Arrangement/ Internal Connections (Bottom View)


## Finger Safe Terminal Cover

Conforming to VDE0106/P100

## Y92A-48G

(Attachment for P3G-08/P3GA-11 Socket)


## Mounting Track

## PFP-100N, PFP-50N



PFP-100N2


Note: The values shown in parentheses are for the PFP-50N.

## End Plate

PFP-M


## Spacer

PFP-S


## Protective Cover

## Y92A-48B

The protective cover protects the front panel, particularly the time setting section, against dust, dirt, and water. It also prevents the set value from being altered due to accidental contact with the time setting knob.
Note: 1. The Y92A-48B Protective Cover is made of a hard plastic and therefore it must be removed to change the timer set value.
2. The Protective Cover cannot be mounted if the Panel Cover (sold separately) is used on the Timer.


## Hold-down Clip

Hold-down clips are sold in sets of two.

Y92H-7/-1
For PL08 and PL11 Sockets


Y92H-8/-2
For PF085A Socket


## Time Setting Ring/Panel Cover for H3CR-A/-G

There are three types of Panel Covers (Y92P-48GL, Y92P-48GB, and Y92P-48GM), all of which are available in three colors. Use the most suitable type of Panel Cover with the design of the scaling plate according to the application.
When setting a given time for the Timer, use of the Y92S-27 or Y92S-28 Time Setting Ring facilitates the time setting operation and minimizes possible setting errors by operators.
The Y92F-73 or Y92-F-74 Flush Mounting Adapter or the Protective Cover cannot be used.


## Safety Precautions for All H3CR Models

Note: The undermentioned is common for all H3CR models.

## Precautions for Safe Use

Do not use the Timer in the following locations.

- Locations with radical temperature changes.
- Locations with high humidity that may result in condensation.
- Locations with excessive vibration or shock.
- Locations with corrosive gas or dust.
- Locations where the Timer is exposed to sprayed water, oil, or chemicals.
Organic solvents (such as paint thinner) as well as strong acid or alkali solutions will damage the outer casing of the Timer.
If the Timer is used in an area with excessive electronic noise, be sure to separate the Timer, wires, and input device as far as possible from the noise sources. Furthermore, it is recommended that the input signal wiring be shielded to prevent electronic interference.
Using a surge absorber is recommended if surge voltages occur.
Pay the utmost attention not to make mistakes in polarity when wiring the Timer.
The H3CR Series uses a transformerless power supply. Do not touch the input terminals while the supply voltage is applied, otherwise an electric shock may be received.


## Precautions for Correct Use

## Changing the Setting

Do not change the time unit, time range, or operation mode while the Timer is in operation, otherwise the Timer may malfunction.
The time unit and time range can be set with the respective selectors turned clockwise or counterclockwise.
The selectors are of notched so that they will snap when they are properly set. Do not set the selectors midway between notches, otherwise the Timer may break or malfunction.
Do not use H3CR-A models (except for H3CR-A $\square$ S) in flicker mode, or H3CR-F models at the lowest selector setting. Doing so may result in damage to contacts.

## Power Supplies

A DC power supply can be connected if its ripple factor is $20 \%$ or less and the mean voltage is within the rated operating voltage range of the Timer.
An AC power supply can be connected to the power input terminals without regard to polarity. A DC power supply must be connected to the power input terminals as designated according to the polarity of the terminals.

Make sure that the voltage is applied within the specified range, otherwise the internal elements of the Timer may be damaged.
Connect the power supply voltage through a relay or switch in such a way that the voltage reaches a fixed value at once, otherwise the Timer may not be reset or a timer error may result.
Be aware that the operating voltage will rise by $5 \%$ if the rated voltage is applied to the Timer continuously while the ambient temperature is close to the maximum permissible ambient temperature.
The power supply circuit of any H3CR-A model (except for H3CR$A \square S)$, H3CR-F 100-to-240-VAC model, and H3CR-G model is a switching circuit. If the power line connected to the power supply circuit has a transformer with high inductance, a counterelectromotive voltage will be induced by the inductance. To suppress the voltage, apply a CR filter to the power supply line.

## Precautions for EN61812-1

 ConformanceThe H3CR Series as a built-in timer conforms to EN61812-1 provided that the following conditions are satisfied.
Make sure that no voltage is applied to any terminals before dismounting the Timer from the Socket.
The output section of the H3CR is provided only with basic isolation.
The H3CR itself is designed under the following conditions:

- Overvoltage category III
- Pollution degree 2
- Isolation

Operation parts: Reinforced isolation
-With clearance of 5.5 mm and creepage distance of 5.5 mm at 230 VAC
Output: Basic isolation (See note)
-With clearance of 3 mm and creepage distance of 3 mm at 230 VAC
Note: The 11-pin model ensures basic isolation by itself and also ensures basic isolation with the 11-pin model mounted to the OMRON P2CF-11- $\square$ or P3GA-11 Socket.
Connect the two output contacts different in polarity to the loads so that they will be the same in potential.

## Others

If the Timer is mounted to a control board, dismount the Timer from the control board or short-circuit the control board circuitry before carrying out a voltage withstand test between the electric circuitry and non-charged metal part of the Timer. This protects the internal circuitry of the Timer from damage.


[^0]:    Note: Instantaneous output is available at any time range. To obtain instantaneous output, set to below 0 .

[^1]:    | Star-delta transfer time | Programmable at $0.05 \mathrm{~s}, 0.1 \mathrm{~s}, 0.25 \mathrm{~s}$ or 0.5 s |
    | :--- | :--- |

[^2]:    *These dimensions vary with the kind of DIN track (reference value).

[^3]:    ALL DIMENSIONS SHOWN ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
    To convert millimeters into inches, multiply by 0.03937 . To convert grams into ounces, multiply by 0.03527 .

